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The OpenAIRE Scholarly Comunication Infrastructure On Interlinking Datasets, Literature, Fundings, and Research Initiatives



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OpenAIRE OpenAIRE (in a nutshell)

European data infrastructure for scholarly communication

- Facilitating discovery of research outcome across disciplines and Europe (and beyond) publications and datasets repositories
 - Promoting Open Access: publishing and citation best practices, business models for publications and datasets
 - Interlinking and contextualizing publications and datasets
- Measuring impact of research initiatives
 - Open Access vs non-Open Access
 - Funding schemes: return of investment
 - Research initiatives: research impact
- Providing both human and technical infrastructure to make this possible!



Technical infrastructure *Functional architecture*



OpenAIRE Data flow





OpenAIRE Repositories and CRIS systems

- Publication repositories (Dublin Core, OpenAIRE profile)
 - Publications with relationships to authors, projects, licenses, access rights, and repository
- Repositories aggregators (Dublin Core, OpenAIRE profile)
 - Publications with relationships to authors, projects, licenses, access rights, repository, and aggregator
- Dataset repositories (DataCite, OpenAIRE profile)
 - Datasets with relationships to authors, projects, and publications
- CRIS systems (CERIFXML, OpenAIRE profile)
 - Publications with relationships to authors, organizations, projects, etc.
 - Datasets with relationships to authors, organizations, projects, etc.
 - Projects with relationships to persons, organizations, fundings, etc.



Importing from data sources DenAIRE Entity registries

- OpenDOAR (OpenDOAR HTTP)
 - Repositories with relationships to organizations
- EC CORDA (CORDA XML)
 - EC FP7 projects with relationships to persons and organizations
- Wellcome Trust (Wellcome Trust HTTP)
 - WT projects with relationships to organizations
- Re3data.org for data repositories?
- Exchanging data with data sources! Typically relationships to objects out of their domain
 - Publications and datasets
 - Context



Importing from end-users OpenAIRE Depositing, claiming, feedback

- **OpenAIRE Zenodo Deposition**: authors who are orphans of a repository of reference for publication and datasets can deposit file and metadata into the Zenodo repository
- **CrossRef Claiming**: authors who have a repository of reference can "claim" their depositions into OpenAIRE by specifying the relative DOIs
- **Feedback**: registered end-users (and OpenAIRE data curators) can give advice on how to enrich or fix the information space



OpenAIRE Information Space

- Publication repositories:
 - ~400 repositories
 - With links to EC projects: ~110 repositories + 20 Open Access Journals + 1 aggregator (NARCIS, NL)
 - With Open Access publications (DRIVER): ~390 repositories
- Dataset repositories
 - DataCite, DRYAD, Pangaea, others



OpenAIRE Information Space

- **OpenAIRE Production system** (www.openaire.eu)
 - 40,000 publications linked to EC fundings
- **OpenAIREplus Beta system** (public release end of July 2013)
 - 8 Millions publications, including DRIVER OA publications, OpenAIRE publications, and datasets
 - Datasets
 - DRYAD
 - DataCite
 - Geoscience journal?



OpenAIRE Inferring data

- Relationship inference by mining publication PDFs
 - Project-publication: EC and National projects (e.g. WT)
 - Dataset-publication: DOI connections
 - Publication-publication: citations by bibliography
 - Publication-publication: text similarity
- Property inference by mining
 - Title of papers
 - Authors of papers
 - Organizations of authors at time of publication



OpenAIRE Inference framework

OpenAIRE implements a framework and infrastructure for data inference services

- Inference service (pluggable and pipeline-able): applies an algorithm to an *input collection* and returns an *output collection* with a given degree of TRUST
 - Scope: publication/dataset files (e.g. PDF, XML), graph of objects, metadata
 - Actions: e.g. discipline-specific inference methods, NLP techniques
- Inference workflows: sequences of *inference steps* each instantiated by an inference service
 - Workflow' intermediate and final collections are cached and can be used for testing new inference configuration or re-executing only part of the workflows



OpenAIRE Provenance and TRUST

Each object in the information space is enriched with information relative to:

- Data source from which the object was collected
 Workflow performing the collection: data source import, end-user claim, end-user feedback, inference, etc.
- Agent responsible of the collection of the object: registered users, system driven mechanism
- Trust: value from 0 to 1 stating the level of TRUST of the object



OpenAIRE *De-duplicating data "Equivalence relationships"*

Equivalent objects are "merged" into one "representative object"

- **Publications**, the representative object stores:
 - All properties of the merged records (prioritized by degree of TRUST)
 - All files of the merged records: URLs, data source and license
 - All relationships to other objects of the merged records: projects, authors, publications, datasets, etc.
- **Organizations**, the representative object stores:
 - All properties of the merged records (prioritized by degree of TRUST)
 - All relationships to other objects of the merged records: projects, publications, datasets, etc.
- **Persons** (*ongoing*), the representative object stores:
 - All properties of the merged records (prioritized by degree of TRUST)
 - All relationships to other objects of the merged records: organizations, publications, datasets, etc.



OpenAIRE Measuring impact of "research initiatives"

- *Research initiative*: activity funding, favoring or developing science and willing to measure its impact in terms of research outcome
 - Example: European Commission, e-IRG EGI infrastructure, National funding agencies
- OpenAIRE supports research initiatives by providing:
 - End-user claim services: manually identifying research output linked to the relative initiative
 - Relationship inference services: tools to automatically identify publications linked to the research initiative
- Current research initiatives:
 - OA vs non-OA publications w.r.t. EC projects (facets: organizations, countries, EC funding schemes, EC subjects)
 - Publications w.r.t. EGI infrastructure (facets: EGI virtual organizations, EGI disciplines)



OpenAIRE Enabling Technology

D-NET Software toolkit

Service-oriented data infrastructure enabling technology



- Adoption: Projects (DRIVER/II, OpenAIRE/plus, EFG/1914, HOPE,
- EAGLE) and nations (Spain-Recolecta, Poland, Belgium, Argentina (in progress))
- By: CNR-ISTI (IT), Uni Athens (GR), ICM (PL), Uni Bielefeld (GE)
- INVENIO Repository
 - Customizable repository platform: workflows and data models
 - Adoption: CERN digital library and 30+ institutions world-wide
 - By: CERN (Switzerland), collaboration from DESY, EPFL, FNAL, SLAC





Data-publication Linking Issues OpenAIRE Data models for scholarly communication

Dataset modeling issues

- Data typology: e.g. raw data, secondary data, software, experiments
- Data granularity: e.g. DB, DB record, DB queries, DB query results
- Data scope: e.g. discipline-specific (BADC format), cross-discipline (INSPIRE), general-purpose
 (DataCite)

General issues

- Contextual entities: e.g. authors, organizations, patents, funding schemes, tools, devices
- Publication and data IPRs: e.g. access control, propagation of IPRs, ownership
- Provenance: e.g. location, hosting data source, generating agent (human, machine, device, facility)
- Relationships: e.g. semantics, modes (static, dynamic, inferred)

New Trends

• Enhanced publication data models, i.e. packaging existing publications and datasets into one new consumable object (research objects, executable objects)



Data-publication Linking Issues

OpenAIRE Information systems for scholarly communication

Information System Typologies

- Data infrastructures: aggregation of existing pubs and datasets for discovery and re-use
- Data Centers, Journals, Repositories: deposition, publishing, preservation of pubs and
- datasets

Data infrastructure issues

- Top-down approach: e.g. integrating existing repositories
- Bottom-up approach: e.g. guidelines for repositories to facilitate data and publication linking, mandates to include references to fundings, best practices on citation
- Relationship inference: equivalence (de-duplication), reference, citation, etc.

General functionality issues

 Reading/visualization, discovery (search/browse/navigation), automated reuse, enrichment/annotation, cross-discipline investigation, research impact, community views (VREs), export APIs and exchange formats



Data-publication Linking

- First Workshop on Linking and Contextualizing Publications and Datasets
- In conjunction with the 3rd international conference on Theory and Practice of Digital Libraries in Valletta, Malta, September 22-26, 2013 (http://www.tpdl2013.info)
- CFP to be made officially public in May, important dates:
 - Research paper submission: June 24th, 2013
 - Notification of acceptance: July 29th, 2013
 - Camera ready version: August 31st, 2013
 - Workshop day: 26th of September 2013



OpenAIRE OpenAIRE project factsheet

- Coordination
 - University of Athens GR
 - Goettingen University Library DE
 - CNR-ISTI IT
- Technical production & operation
 - 5 partners with expertise in technologies for Digital Libraries and Data Infrastructures
- General
 - Starting date: Dec 1, 2011
 - Duration: 30 months
 - Total budget: 5.2 Mi

- Scientific communities
 - EMBL-EBI biology
 - DANS social sciences
 - STFC/BADC climate
- Networking Organization
 - 5 libraries, active in OA movement

- National Open Access Desks
 - All member states
 - Norway, Switzerland, Turkey, Iceland





Questions?

For more:

OpenAIRE infrastructure: <u>http://www.openaire.eu</u> D-NET software: <u>http://www.d-net.research-infrastructures.eu</u> INVENIO: http://http://invenio-software.org/